## Rewriting Radical and Exponential Expressions- Guided Lesson Explanation

## Explanation#1

Step 1) We can rewrite the expression using this form.

$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}$$

Step 2)  $\sqrt{\frac{16}{7}}$ 

$$\sqrt{\frac{16}{7}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{4 \times 4}{7}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4x4}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4^2}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{7}}$$

To finish simplifying the expression, multiply by  $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}}$  to rationalize the denominator.

$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{7}} \times \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{7}}{(\sqrt{7})^2}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}$$

So the answer is  $\frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7}$ 

## Explanation#2

Step 1) Let's remind ourselves what is being asked.

$$\sqrt{7}$$
 x  $\sqrt{9}$ 

Step 2) we have the multiplication property of square roots. Group perfect square factors

$$\sqrt{7}$$
 x  $\sqrt{9}$ 

$$\sqrt{7}$$
 x  $\sqrt{3}$  x 3

$$\sqrt{7} \times 3 \times 3$$

$$\sqrt{7} \times 3^{2}$$

## Explanation#3

-  $\sqrt{3}$  ( 14 -  $\sqrt{5}$  ) We can apply the distributive property here:

$$-\sqrt{3} \times 14 + \{(-\sqrt{3}) \times (-\sqrt{5})\}$$

$$-14\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3 \times 5}$$

$$-14\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{15}$$