

Finding the Equation of a Parabola- Guided Lesson Explanation

Explanation#1

Step 1) We should know what we have to be find out.

“Find the Equation of parabola?”

Step 2) The distance between (x_0, y_0) and $(0, -2)$ is $\sqrt{(x_0-0)^2 + (y_0-(-2))^2}$

The distance between (x_0, y_0) and the directrix, $y=2$ is $|y_0-2|$

Equate the two distance expressions and square on both sides.

$$\sqrt{(x_0-0)^2 + \{y_0-(-2)\}^2} = |y_0-2|$$

$$(x_0-0)^2 + \{y_0-(-2)\}^2 = (y_0-2)^2$$

Simplify and bring all terms to one side:

$$x_0^2 + 8y_0 = 0$$

Write the equation with y_0 on one side:

$$y_0 = \frac{-x_0^2}{8}$$

This equation in (x_0, y_0) is true for all other values on the parabola and hence we can rewrite with (x, y) .

So, the equation of the parabola with focus $(0, -2)$ and directrix is $y=2$ is

$$y = \frac{-x^2}{8}$$

Step 3) So the answer is $y = \frac{-x^2}{8}$



Name _____

Date _____

Explanation#2

Step 1) We should know what we have to be find out.

“Find the Equation of parabola?”

Step 2) The distance between (x_0, y_0) and $(5, -1)$ is $\sqrt{(x_0-5)^2 + (y_0-(-1))^2}$

The distance between (x_0, y_0) and the directrix, $y=3$ is $|y_0-3|$

Equate the two distance expressions and square on both sides.

$$\sqrt{(x_0-5)^2 + (y_0-(-1))^2} = |y_0-3|$$

$$(x_0-5)^2 + (y_0-(-1))^2 = (y_0-3)^2$$

Simplify and bring all terms to one side:

$$x_0^2 - 10x_0 + 17 + 8y_0 = 0$$

Write the equation with y_0 on one side:

$$y_0 = -\frac{x_0^2}{8} + \frac{5}{4}x_0 - \frac{17}{8}$$

This equation in (x_0, y_0) is true for all other values on the parabola and hence we can rewrite with (x, y) .

So, the equation of the parabola with focus $(5, -1)$ and directrix is $y=3$ is

$$y = -\frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{17}{8}$$

Step 3) So the answer is $y = -\frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{17}{8}$



Name _____

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Explanation#3

Step 1) We should know what we have to be find out.

"Find the Equation of parabola?"

Step 2) The distance between (x_0, y_0) and $(4, -4)$ is $\sqrt{(x_0-4)^2 + (y_0-(-4))^2}$

The distance between (x_0, y_0) and the directrix, $y=6$ is $|y_0-6|$.

Equate the two distance expressions and square on both sides.

$$\sqrt{(x_0-4)^2 + (y_0-(-4))^2} = |y_0-6|$$

$$(x_0-4)^2 + (y_0-(-4))^2 = (y_0-6)^2$$

Simplify and bring all terms to one side:

$$x_0^2 - 8x_0 - 4 + 20y_0 = 0$$

Write the equation with y_0 on one side:

$$y_0 = -\frac{x_0^2}{20} + \frac{2}{5}x_0 + \frac{1}{5}$$

This equation in (x_0, y_0) is true for all other values on the parabola and hence we can rewrite with (x, y) .

So, the equation of the parabola with focus $(4, -4)$ and directrix is $y=6$ is

$$y = -\frac{x^2}{20} + \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$$

Step 3) So the answer is $y = -\frac{x^2}{20} + \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$

