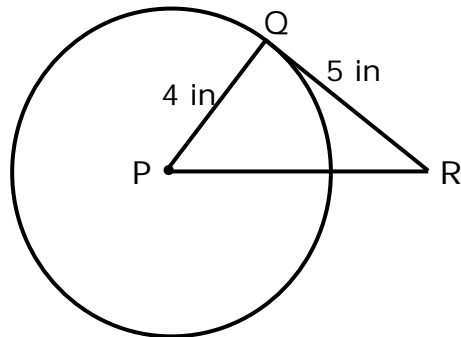


Tangent Lines - Step-by-Step Lesson

Lesson 1 Tangent Line:

\overleftrightarrow{QR} is tangent to \odot with center P. What is PR?



Explanation:

Step 1) First we have to see what is being asked.

“What is PR?” This looks like an extended radius problem.

Step 2) Since \overleftrightarrow{QR} is tangent to \odot with center P, \overleftrightarrow{QR} is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{PQ} .
So $\triangle PQR$ is a right triangle with hypotenuse \overline{PR} .

Now use the Pythagorean Theorem to find PR.

$$PQ^2 + QR^2 = PR^2$$

$$4^2 + 5^2 = PR^2 \quad \text{Plug in } PQ = 4 \text{ and } QR = 5$$

$$16 + 25 = PR^2 \quad \text{Square}$$

$$41 = PR^2 \quad \text{Add}$$

$$6.4 = PR \quad \text{Take the square root of both sides}$$

Step 3) So the answer is $PR = 6.4$ inch.

