

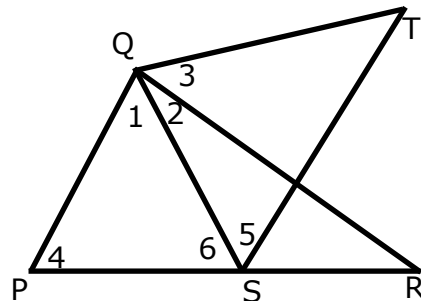
Triangle Proofs - Independent Practice Worksheet

Complete all the problems. Make sure to draw pictures to help you solve the problems.

Given $m\angle 4 = m\angle 6$

$m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$

$m\angle 4 = m\angle 5$



1. Is $\angle R \cong \angle T$

2. Is $\angle SQT \cong \angle PQR$

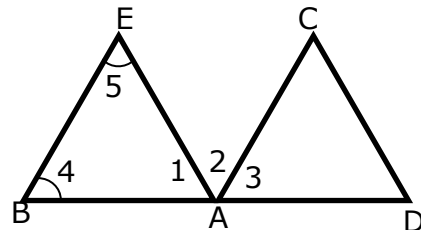
Given $\angle BAC \cong \angle DAE$

$AE \cong AC$

A is the midpoint BD

3. Is $\triangle BEA \cong \triangle DCA$?

4. Sum of $\angle 1$, $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$ is 160°

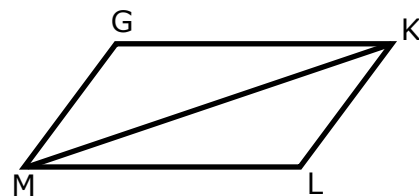


5. If the value of $\angle 4$ is 60° . Find the value of $\angle 5$ in the figure.

Given $GK \cong ML$, $\angle GKM \cong \angle LMK$

6. Is $\triangle GKM \cong \triangle LMK$?

7. line $GK \parallel GM$



Given $AB \perp BE$, $DE \perp BE$,

$AC \cong DC$ and $\angle BAC \cong \angle EDC$

8. Is $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEC$?

9. $AB = BC$?

10. $AC \cong CD$?

