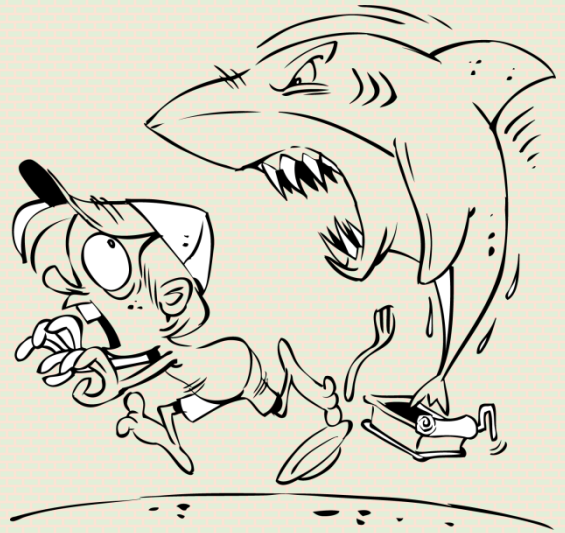


BINOMIAL THEOREM FOR EXPANSION



Binomial Theorem for Expansion is used to expand the powers of a binomial expression.

Formula of binomial expansion is:

$$(1 + x)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k$$

Example

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

Using Binomial Theorem for Expansion

EXAMPLE

EXPAND $(3x-4)^3$

WE KNOW THAT: $(a+b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$ Using Binomial Theorem of Expansion

Putting $a=3x$ and $b=-4$

So, $(3x-4)^3 = (3x)^3 + 3(3x)^2(-4) + 3(3x)(-4)^2 + (-4)^3$ Putting $a=3x$ and $b=-4$

$$= (3^3 \cdot x^3) + 3(3^2 \cdot x^2)(-4) + 3(3x)(16) + (-64) \quad \text{Using } (ab)^2 = a^2 \cdot b^2$$

$$= 27x^3 + 3(9x^2)(-4) + (144x) - 64$$

$$= 27x^3 + (-108x^2) + 144x - 64$$

$$= 27x^3 - 108x^2 + 144x - 64$$

Meets: Common Core Standard High School – HSA-APR.C.5