

Name _____

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Finding and Using the Discriminant - Guided Lesson Explanation

The discriminant of a quadratic equation ($ax^2 + bx + c = 0$) is $b^2 - 4ac$. It is the expression under the radical in the quadratic formula.

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Explanation#1

Find the discriminant of $6n^2 - 3n + 7 = 0$

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$-3^2 - 4(6)(7) \quad \text{Plug in } a = 6, b = -3, \text{ and } c = 7$$

$$9 - 4(6)(7) \quad \text{Squares}$$

$$9 - 168 \quad \text{Multiply}$$

$$-159 \quad \text{Subtract}$$

Answer is: -159

Explanation#2

Find the discriminant of $4d^2 + 9d - 9 = 0$

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$9^2 - 4(4)(-9) \quad \text{Plug in } a = 4, b = 9, \text{ and } c = -9$$

$$81 - 4(4)(-9) \quad \text{Squares}$$

$$81 + 144 \quad \text{Multiply}$$

$$225 \quad \text{Add}$$

Answer is: 225



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Explanation#3

Find the discriminant of $3w^2 - 8s + 2 = 0$

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$-8^2 - 4(3)(2) \quad \text{Plug in } a = 3, b = -8, \text{ and } c = 2$$

$$64 - 4(3)(2) \quad \text{Squares}$$

$$64 - 24 \quad \text{Multiply}$$

$$40 \quad \text{Subtract}$$

Answer is: 40

