

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

## Rewriting Rational Expressions - Guided Lesson Explanation

### Explanation#1

$$\frac{6x + 36}{12x - 18}$$

$$\frac{6(x + 6)}{6(2x - 3)}$$
 Factor out the GCF of numerator and denominator, which is 6

$$\frac{\cancel{6}(x + 6)}{\cancel{6}(2x - 3)}$$
 The 6s cancel.

$$\frac{(x + 6)}{(2x - 3)}$$
 We are in the simplest form.

### Explanation#2

$$\frac{2x^2 + 6x}{4x^3 - 8x}$$
 Factor each level

$$\frac{2x(x + 3)}{4x(x^2 - 2)}$$

$$\frac{2x(x + 3)}{4x(x^2 - 2)}$$
 Cancel 2x's

$$\frac{(x + 3)}{(2x^2 - 4)}$$

$$\frac{(x + 3)}{(2x^2 - 4)}$$
 We are in the simplest form.

$$\frac{(x + 3)}{(2x^2 - 4)}$$



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### Explanation#3

$$\frac{\quad k \quad}{\quad}$$

$$k^2 + 3k.$$

$$\frac{\quad k \quad}{\quad}$$

$$k(k + 3)$$

Factor out the GCF of the denominator, which is k.

$$\frac{\quad k \quad}{\quad}$$

$$\cancel{k}(k + 3)$$

Cancel the common or like factors (k).

$$\frac{\quad 1 \quad}{\quad}$$

$$(k + 3)$$

Simplify

So the answer is  $\frac{\quad 1 \quad}{\quad}$

$$(k + 3)$$

