Applying the Remainder Theorem - Guided Lesson Explanation

Explanation#1

In algebra, the remainder theorem is an applicant of polynomial long division. It states that the remainder of a polynomial f(k) divided by a linear divisor k-c is equal to f(k). We know the remainder after dividing by k-c we don't need to do any division. We have to just calculate f(k).

$$k^2 - 9k - 5 \div k - 4$$

Step 4) We will calculate f(4). And put 4 into all slots and solve:

$$=4^2-9(4)-5$$

$$= 16 - 36 - 5$$

So, the answer is -25.

Explanation#2

We follow the same format once again.

$$x^4 - 3x^2 + 4 \div x - 2$$

Step 4) We will calculate f(2). And put 2 into all slots and solve:

$$= 2^4 - 3(2)^2 + 4$$

$$= 16 - 12 + 4 = 8$$

So, the answer is 8.

Explanation#3

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 \div x + 3$$

Step 4) We will calculate f(3). And put 3 into all slots and solve:

$$= 3^2 + 5(3) + 6$$

$$= 9 + 15 + 6$$

So, the answer is 30.

