

Simplifying Expressions with Negative Exponents Lesson

Problem: $(-5a^{-2} b) (-2a^{-3} b^2)$

There are a number of ways to tackle this problem.



Method 1: Remove the exponents

Step 1: $(-5a^{-2} b) (-2a^{-3} b^2) = \left(\frac{-5b}{a^2}\right) \left(\frac{-2b^2}{a^3}\right)$ (Remove exponents by division)

Step 2: $\left(\frac{-5b}{a^2}\right) \left(\frac{-2b^2}{a^3}\right) = \left(\frac{(-5*-2)(b*b^2)}{a^2*a^3}\right) = \left(\frac{10b^3}{a^5}\right)$ (Combine values; process operations)

Method 2: Find the product of like terms.

Step 1: $(-5a^{-2} b) (-2a^{-3} b^2) = (-5 * -2) (a^{-2} * a^{-3}) (b * b^2)$ (Remove like terms)

Step 2: $(-5 * -2) (a^{-2} * a^{-3}) (b * b^2) = 10a^{-5} b^3$ (Combine values)

Step 3: $10a^{-5} b^3 = 10b^3 * \frac{1}{a^5}$ or $\frac{10b^3}{a^5}$ (Remove negative exponents)

