

Finding the Area of Odd Shapes - Guided Lesson Explanation**Explanation#1**

Step 1) We all know that the area of a triangle is:

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$$

Step 2) First we have to find the base and height of the triangle.

$$\text{Base: } 6 \text{ mm} \quad \text{Height: } 6 \text{ mm}$$

Step 3) Now we should use the numbers in the formula.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 6 = 18 \end{aligned}$$

Step 5) Now we will find the units. The lengths are measured in millimeters, so the area is measured in square millimeters.

The area is 18 square millimeters.

Explanation#2

Step 1) First we have to start with rectangle A. Rectangle A is 45 inches tall and 27 inches wide. We have to multiply;

$$45 \times 27 = 1215$$

The area of rectangle A is 1215 in².

Step 2) Now we should move to rectangle B. Rectangle B is 33 inches wide and 23 inches tall. We have to multiply;

$$33 \times 23 = 759$$

The area of rectangle B is 759 in².



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Step 3) We will add the areas of the two rectangles.

$$1215 \text{ in}^2 + 759 \text{ in}^2 = 1974 \text{ in}^2$$

So, the area is 1974 square inches.

Explanation#3

Step 1) First we have to see what is being asked.

“What is the area of this triangle?”

Step 2) We all know that the area of a triangle is:

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$$

Step 3) First we have to find the base and height of the triangle.

Base: 7 mm

Height: 7 mm

Step 4) Now we should use the numbers in the formula.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 7 = 24.5 \end{aligned}$$

Step 5) Now we will find the units. The lengths are measured in millimeters, so the area is measured in square millimeters.

The area is 24.5 square millimeters.

