Solve Rational and Radical Equations - Guided Lesson Explanation

Explanation#1

We have to solve for a variable, use inverse operations to undo the operations in the equation. Be sure to gather like terms and to do the same operation to both sides of the equation.

Solve for p

 $\sqrt{(2p-5)} = \sqrt{(3p)}$ 2p-5 = 3p square both sides -5 = 3p - 2p subtract 2p from both sides -5 = 1p divide both sides by 1 p = -5

Explanation#2

We have to solve a rational equation, first clear the fractions, either by finding the cross products or by multiplying both sides by the lowest common denominator (LCD). Then solve for the variable.

$$\frac{6}{x+2} = \frac{-2}{x-4}$$

$$6(x-4) = -2(x+2)$$

$$6x - 24 = -2x - 4$$

$$6x + 2x = -4 + 24$$

$$7$$
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8x = 20 $x = \frac{20}{8}$ $x = \frac{5}{2}$

We have to check whether this is an extraneous solution. Plugging x = 5/2 into the first denominator, x + 2, yields 2. Plugging x = 5/2 into the second denominator, x - 4, yields -4. Since neither denominator is 5/2, which would be undefined, this is a valid solution.

Explanation#3

We can just take the square root of both sides to cancel out the operations.

Solve for y

 $(\sqrt{y})^2 = 0.5^2$

a = 0.25

So the solution is 0.25

